NC Physical Activity and Nutrition (PAN) Project

Data Profile for Hoke County



Presented by:

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This county data profile was created to ensure local partners in Hoke County have relevant information to prepare a funding proposal for the NC CCCPH Branch *Physical Activity and Nutrition (PAN) Project*, which will help develop physical activity and nutrition opportunities in the county.

What is the PAN Project:

The PAN Project will support a range of activities intended to develop opportunities for physical activity and healthy eating. For example, the PAN Project will:

- Bring food service guidelines into many settings to ensure that healthy options including fruits and vegetables are available in worksites, early child care, and community settings.
- Assist clinics, worksites, early child care, and community settings to provide supportive environments to mothers who choose to breastfeed their infants.
- Integrate nutrition and physical activity standards into early child care settings, helping counties ensure their youngest citizens are living in a culture of health.
- Help citizens and planners develop safe, activity-friendly routes between everyday destinations.

The information in this data profile is grouped into several topics:

- A) Demographics.....p. 3
- B) Health Status.....p. 4
- C) Determinants of Health.....p. 5
- D) Health Behaviors..... p. 7
- E) Local Capacity for Change.....p. 8

Each topic begins with a description and suggestions for how to use the information. Indicators listed within each topic are specifically relevant to the PAN Project. Proposals can include additional data or information, especially if the data demonstrate local need or capacity for response.

Each indicator includes a definition and a source for the information. The county data are presented and compared to averages for the state of North Carolina. For most indicators, bar charts are included to provide a quick visual comparison between the county and state.

To identify indicators where the county data are notably different from the state average (i.e., more than one standard deviation from the state mean, median, or mode), we provide a letter in the margin to the left of the county bar chart (B = county is better than the state average; W = county is worse than the state average).

B Better than average

Worse than average

A. Demographics

Governments, private organizations, community groups, and researchers use demographics to describe a population's characteristics. Key items include the land area; the number and sizes of municipalities; the population size; distributions by age, race, and sex; income and education levels; and key businesses and industries. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when describing physical and population characteristics to a funder so they understand the priority groups to receive intervention or assistance.

1. Populat	ion		
	Hoke County	52,214	Number of residents
	County average in NC	56,087 a	
			Source: www.osbm.nc.gov/demog/county-estimates (2016)
2. Area (sc	juare miles)		
	Hoke County	391	Square miles of land
	County average in NC	463 a	Sources www.oshm.no.gov/dom.og/county_ostimates (2016)
			Source: www.osbm.nc.gov/demog/county-estimates (2016)
3. Number	of municipalities		
	Hoke County	2	Number of municipalities
	County average in NC	6.7 ^c	Sources www.oshn.no.gov/dom.og/municipal.ostimates (2016)
			Source: www.osbm.nc.gov/demog/municipal-estimates (2016)
4. Number	of large cities		
	Hoke County	0	Number of municipalities listed in the CDC 500 Cities Project, which provides health-related data about the 500 largest cities in the Unite States
			Source: www.cdc.gov/500cities (2018)
5. Average	annual salary		
	Hoke County	\$32,559	Average annual full-time salary
	County average in NC	\$34,568 a	
			Source: NC Department of Commerce (2018)
6. Level of	economic well-being	(1 is most	distressed, 3 is least)
	Hoke County	2	Economic tier designation by NC Department of Commerce
	County average in NC	2 b	
			Source: NC Department of Commerce (2018)
7. Percent	age of families with c	hildren und	der age 5 living in poverty
	Hoke County	25%	Growing up in poverty is an adverse childhood experience that can
	County average in NC	23% a	negatively influence health outcomes for the rest of a person's life.
			Source: US Census Bureau (2015)

B. Health Status

The health status of a population might include information about causes of death (mortality) or chronic disease or injury (morbidity), and the impact each can have on the general quality of life experienced in a community. Some indicators of health status are "indexes," which combine multiple items together. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when starting to describe the health needs of a community to a funder so they understand why intervention is needed.

	Hoke County County average in NC	# 49 # 51 ª	County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health outcomes, including mortality (length of life) and morbidity (quality of life and birth outcomes).
			Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
2. Percei	ntage of adults who are	obese	
	Hoke County County average in NC	33% 32% a	Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report a body mass ind (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.
			Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
3. Percei	ntage of 2-4 year olds w l	ho are ov	erweight
	Hoke County County average in NC	14% 15% ^c	Percentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass index (BMI) between $25.0 - 29.9 \text{ kg/m2}$.
			Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition & Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC- PedNESS) (2015)
4. Perce	ntage of 2-4 year olds w l	ho are ob	ese
1.	Hoke County County average in NC	15% 14% °	Percentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.
			Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition & Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC- PedNESS) (2015)
5. Numb	er of pedestrian crashes	; per 100,	000 residents
	Hoke County County average in NC	96.4 147.8 a	Number of motor vehicle crashes involving a pedestrian between 20 and 2015, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. State median includes rural counties only.
			Click here for an interactive map of pedestrian crashes.
			Source: www.pedbikeinfo.org/pbcat_nc/_ped.cfm (2015)
6. Numb	er of bicycle crashes per	100,000	residents
	Hoke County County average in NC	54.0 48.0 ^a	Number of motor vehicle crashes involving a bicyclist between 2007 and 2015, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. State median includes rural counties only.
			Click here for an interactive map of bicycle crashes.
			Source: www.pedbikeinfo.org/pbcat_nc/_bicycle.cfm (2015)

C. Determinants of Health

The health of a population is an outcome or result of many things, including the natural and human-created environments in which people live, work, learn, play, and pray, from the micro environment inside a building to the macro environment of an entire city. These environments, and the way people and organizations conduct their activities in these environments, are governed by policies such as laws and regulations. Some of these environments and policies are a part of larger systems (e.g., education, transportation, health care, and the local economy), which structure the world around us and influence our choices. For that reason, environments, policies, and systems are called "determinants" of health. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when identifying to a funder the underlying structural causes and influences of health which need to be improved in order to support healthy living.

	1.	County rank	ting in NC by health fa	ctors (1 is best, 100 is worst)
W			oke County ounty average in NC		County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health factors, including: social and economic factors, health behaviors, clinical care, and physical environment. Each factor is based on several measures. Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
	2.	County rank	ting in NC by physical of	enviro	nment (1 is best, 100 is worst)
W			oke County ounty average in NC	# 51 a	County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by physical environment factors, including: air and water quality, housing, and transit. Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
	3.	Percentage	of residents who live o	close to	o a park or recreational facility
			oke County ounty average in NC		Percentage of residents who live close to a park (within a half mile) or a recreational facility (within three miles in rural areas, or within one mile in urban areas). <u>Click here for an interactive map of walkability.</u> Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
	4.	Amount of s	support for healthy ea	ting in	the local food environment (0 is worst, 10 is best)
			oke County ounty average in NC	7.5 a	Food Environment Index score (0 to 10) that equally weights two indicators: Percentage of people with limited access to healthy foods, and percentage of people with food insecurity. Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
	5.	Percentage	of residents who lack	access	to reliable food sources
			oke County ounty average in NC		Percentage of residents who lack constant access to a reliable food supply, including, but not solely focused on, fruits and vegetables. Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)

6. Percentage of low income residents who have limited access to a grocery store

Hoke County	9%	Percentage of residents who are low income (200% or less of the
County average in NC	5% a	federal poverty threshold for the family size) and do not live close to a
, c		grocery store (over ten miles away in rural areas, or over one mile
		away in nonrural areas).
		Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)

7. Number of facilities that serve food per 1000 residents

	Hoke County	1.5	(n=80)	Number of facilities where food is served per 1000 residents
	County average in NC	2.3 a	(n=128)	(and total number of facilities).
Types of facilities in county	Restaurants/Drink Stands Food Stands Mobile Food Units Pushcarts Commissary for PCs/MFUs Limited Food Service (includes concessions) Educational Food Service (excluding school meals) Institutional Food Service Elderly Nutrition Sites	1.0 0.4 0.10 0 0	(n=53) (n=20) (n=5)	(Note: for more information about names of food service establishments, contact the county health department, environmental health services/inspections section.)
	(catered) (prepared on premises)	0.04 0	(n=2)	Source: DPH Environmental Health Section (2018)

8. Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families with small children living in

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	Hoke County	23.4 (n=74)	Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families
	County average in NC	6.7 a (n=24)	below the poverty line with children under age 5 (and total
	, .		number of subsidized facilities).
			Childcare facilities allow parents to pursue education,
			employment, and other opportunities, but many parents
			cannot afford childcare unless it is subsidized by public, non-
			profit, or private sectors.
		Source:	NC Division of Child Development and Early Education
			•

9. Number of resources that support breastfeeding per 1000 residents

	Hoke County	0.02	(n=1)	Number of resources that provide support for breastfeeding
	County average in NC	0.06 a	(n=3)	per 1000 residents (and total number of resources).
-	Hospitals	0		1
	Community Birth Centers	0		
	WIC	0.02	(n=1)	
	Non-WIC HD	0		
	Lactation services	0		
Types of	(Clinic based)	0		
	(Private practice)	0		
resources	Peer Support Groups	0		
in county	Other groups/practices	0		
	IBCLC Training/Mentorships	0		
	BF Rsch/Grant Programs	0		
	Clinicians performing frenotomy	0		Source:
	Online BF support groups	0		North Carolina Breastfeeding Coalition (2018)

D. Health Behaviors

A population's behaviors provide information about how people respond to their physical environment and other structural determinants in their community settings. Without health-supporting structures, it is difficult for a community to adopt healthy behaviors. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when describing the lifestyle of a community and providing the rationale for structural improvements.

1. Percenta	ge of adults who are phy	sically	v inactive
	Hoke County County average in NC	25% 27% ^c	Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report no leisure-time physical activity (such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise). Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
2. Percent o	change in pedestrian and	bicyc	le activity in monitored locations
NOTE: F	Monitoring locations Pedestrian change Bike use change Hoke County has no ITRE monitored loc	0 n/a n/a ations.	Percentage increase or decrease in the number of people observed walking and bicycling in certain locations in North Carolina. Walking and bicycling are healthy behaviors, and research has helped fund ongoing monitoring of such activities. Source: https://itre.ncsu.edu/focus/bike-ped/nc-nmvdp/ (2018)
3. Percenta	ge of women in the local	WIC p	program who initiate breastfeeding
-	Hoke County County average in NC	61% 73% ^a	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is linked to healthy immune system development and can contribute to healthy weight as the child grows up. Source: NC Women, Infants, & Children Crossroads System (2017)
4. Percenta six week	-	WIC p	program who breastfeed their infants up to
	Hoke County County average in NC	46% 44% ^a	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies. Source: NC Women, Infants, & Children Crossroads System (2017)
5. Percenta	ge of women in the local	WIC p	program who breastfeed their infants up to
six mont	hs of age		
	Hoke County County average in NC	29% 25% ^a	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies.

Source: NC Women, Infants, & Children Crossroads System (2017)

E. Local Capacity for Change

A community's capacity for change is founded on the people with knowledge about a community's needs and the strengths to address them. The information they have gathered through assessments, the ideas they have explored or piloted, and their relationship networks are all capacity-enhancing items. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when convincing a funder of the local skills and talents that will contribute to intervention and improvement efforts.

		orksites that complete s practices influence en		e CDC Worksite Health Scorecard to assess how yee health
		e County nty average in NC 2		 The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) developed the Worksite Health Scorecard to help organizations develop policies, practices, and environments that promote employee health. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) (2018)
	2. Number of fa	i th communities that d	com	pleted the ESMM "Faithful Families" curriculum
В	-	e County nty average in NC (3).6 ^c	The "Faithful Families" curriculum was developed as part of the Eat Smart Move More movement to promote healthy eating and physical activity for all North Carolinians. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DDH) (2018)
				Branch (NC DPH) (2018)
		•	tead	ch the ESMM "Faithful Families" curriculum
В		e County nty average in NC (2).7 ^c	 Eat Smart Move More provides training for people wanting to become facilitators of the "Faithful Families" curriculum and program. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) (2018)
	4. Number of Y	MCA locations		
	Hok	e County	0	The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has facilities and programming in many local communities. Source: www.ncymcaalliance.org/locations (2018)
	5. Number of Y	MCA camps		
	Hok	e County	0	The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has outdoor and activity camps in many local communities. Source: www.ncymcaalliance.org/locations (2018)
	6. Number of F	ood Councils		
	Hok	e County	0	Local food councils are community-based coalitions, often organized by county, that facilitate collaboration to improve health, food access, and local food economies. Source: communityfoodstrategies.com/what/network/members (2018)

7. Is the county an Active Routes to School (ARTS) Lead County?

NC is divided into ten regions to provide coordination of Active Routes to School programming, trainings, and improvements. Each region has a lead county where the project coordinator is located. NC ARTS is a partnership between the NC Department of Transportation and the NC Division of Public Health. NOTE: The program will be ending by 5/31/2019.

Source: NC Active Routes to School (2018)

8. Is the Catalyst for Healthy Eating and Active Living active in the county?

Yes

No Since 2012, NC has received support from the Kate B. Reynolds Charitable Trust, the NC Division of Public Health, and the NC Public Health Foundation to help "catalyze" improvements in selected rural counties for healthy eating and active living. *NOTE: The program will be ending by 12/31/2018.*

Source: Catalyst for Healthy Eating and Active Living (2018)

9. Number of NC Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs)

Hoke County	1	Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs) are health professionals who
County average in NC	1 a	work with child care staff to promote healthy and safe environments
		for young children.
		Source: healthychildcarenc.org/consultants (2018)

10. Location of Department of Social Services (DSS) office

Raeford	The Division of Social Services provides guidance and technical		
	assistance to agencies that directly address issues of poverty, family		
	violence,	and exploitation.	
	Source:	ncdhhs.gov/divisions/dss/local-county-social-services-offices (2018)	

11. Number and locations of **Women, Infants and Children (WIC) program offices**

Number of WIC program offices:	1	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,
Location:	Raeford	Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. WIC provides nutritious
		foods, breastfeeding promotion and support, nutrition education, and
		health care referrals for women and children.
		Source: www.wicprograms.org/state/north_carolina (2018)

12. Does the county have a **Children's Developmental Services Agency (CDSA)**?

Yes Local Children's Developmental Services Agencies (CDSAs) help families, caregivers, and professionals serve children with special needs through the NC Division of Public Health's Infant Toddler Program. Source: beearly.nc.gov/index.php/contact/cdsa (2018)

13. Does the county have a **Child Care Resource and Referral (CCRR) Agency**?

Yes

The Child Care Resource & Referral (CCR&R) Council provides a set of services that facilitate access to early care, education, and child care options for families; improve the quality of those options; and provide objective information for planning and policy development. Source: http://childcarerrnc.org/directory.php?actions=search (2018)

- a. Median b. Mode (most frequent value)
- c. Mean

	Hoke County	1	Head Start programs support children's growth and development	
	County average in NC	3 a	through services including early learning, health, and family well-being	
	Head Start	1	Head Start and Early Head Start programs provide services to children	
Types of	Early Head Start	0	in every U.S. state and territory, in farmworker camps, and in tribal	
centers in	HS & EHS	0	communities.	
county	Migrant & Seasonal American Indian &	0		
,	Alaska Native	0	Source: eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/center-locator?state=NC (2018)	
5. Area serv	ed by the local Smart	Start pa	rtnership	
		County	Each Smart Start partnership is an independent, nonprofit organization. Local partnerships use independent data to assess child- well being and offer programs and services, depending on local needs. Partnerships can be county or multi-county. See the link below to find the local Smart Start partnership. Source: www.smartstart.org/smart-start-in-your-community (2018)	
5. Does the	county have a Shape	NC Cente	er?	
		No	The Shape NC: Healthy Starts for Young Children initiative assists	
			communities and child care centers in developing environments, practices, and policies that promote healthy eating and active learning among pre-kindergarten children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH)	
7. Does the	county have a Go NA	P SACC c	oordinator?	
		No	The Nutrition and Physical Activity Self-Assessment for Child Care (NAR SACC) program develops best practices to help child care programs shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH)	
.8. Which He	ealthy Communities S	trategies	were selected for implementation by the local (or	
regional)	health department?			
	umber of worksites that		The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health	
	CDC Worksite Health	no	departments that work with community partners to address chronic	
	use the results to address		disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and	
chronic disease			environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategies	
	umber of community or small roviding access to healthy	no	to implement from the Healthy Communities Program.	
	e transportation through			
•	essments, educational and/or gns, way-finding signage, or	yes	Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health	

19. Healthy Communities Program contact location

Hoke County Health Department,	If an agency is listed, contact them about the Healthy Communities		
Raeford, NC	Program.		
	Source:	Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health	
		Branch (NC DPH)	

Branch (NC DPH) (2018)

jurisdiction-wide plans.