NC Physical Activity and Nutrition (PAN) Project Data Profile for Alexander County



Presented by:

Community & Clinical CONNECTIONS for Prevention & Health Branch NORTH CAROLINA Branch DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH

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enhancing public health capacity and strategy

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This county data profile was created to ensure local partners in Alexander County have relevant information to prepare a funding proposal for the NC CCCPH Branch *Physical Activity and Nutrition (PAN) Project*, which will help develop physical activity and nutrition opportunities in the county.

What is the PAN Project:

The PAN Project will support a range of activities intended to develop opportunities for physical activity and healthy eating. For example, the PAN Project will:

- Bring food service guidelines into many settings to ensure that healthy options including fruits and vegetables are available in worksites, early child care, and community settings.
- Assist clinics, worksites, early child care, and community settings to provide supportive environments to mothers who choose to breastfeed their infants.
- Integrate nutrition and physical activity standards into early child care settings, helping counties ensure their youngest citizens are living in a culture of health.
- Help citizens and planners develop safe, activity-friendly routes between everyday destinations.

The information in this data profile is grouped into several topics:

- A) Demographics.....p. 3
- B) Health Status......p. 4
- C) Determinants of Health.....p. 5
- D) Health Behaviors..... p. 7
- E) Local Capacity for Change.....p. 8

Each topic begins with a description and suggestions for how to use the information. Indicators listed within each topic are specifically relevant to the PAN Project. Proposals can include additional data or information, especially if the data demonstrate local need or capacity for response.

Each indicator includes a definition and a source for the information. The county data are presented and compared to averages for the state of North Carolina. For most indicators, bar charts are included to provide a quick visual comparison between the county and state.

To identify indicators where the county data are notably different from the state average (i.e., more than one standard deviation from the state mean, median, or mode), we provide a letter in the margin to the left of the county bar chart (B = county is better than the state average; W = county is worse than the state average).

B Better than average

Worse than average

A. Demographics

Governments, private organizations, community groups, and researchers use demographics to describe a population's characteristics. Key items include the land area; the number and sizes of municipalities; the population size; distributions by age, race, and sex; income and education levels; and key businesses and industries. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when describing physical and population characteristics to a funder so they understand the priority groups to receive intervention or assistance.

1. Populatio	Alexander County	38,284	Number of residents
	•	•	
	County average in NC	56,087 a	Source: www.osbm.nc.gov/demog/county-estimates (2016)
			Source: www.osbm.nc.gov/demog/county-estimates (2016)
2. Area (squ	are miles)		
	Alexander County	260	Square miles of land
	County average in NC	463 a	
			Source: www.osbm.nc.gov/demog/county-estimates (2016)
3. Number o	of municipalities		
	Alexander County	2	Number of municipalities
	County average in NC	6.7 ^c	
			Source: www.osbm.nc.gov/demog/municipal-estimates (2016)
1 Number (of large cities		
4. Number C		0	Number of superior little little die the CDC 500 Cities Designed which
	Alexander County	0	Number of municipalities listed in the CDC 500 Cities Project, which provides health-related data about the 500 largest cities in the Unit States
			Source: www.cdc.gov/500cities (2018)
5. Average a	annual salary		
	Alexander County	\$32,070	Average annual full-time salary
	County average in NC	\$34,568 ^a	
			Source: NC Department of Commerce (2018)
6. Level of e	conomic well-being	(1 is most	distressed, 3 is least)
	Alexander County	2	Economic tier designation by NC Department of Commerce
	County average in NC	2 b	
			Source: NC Department of Commerce (2018)
7. Percentag	ge of families with c	hildren und	der age 5 living in poverty
7. Percentag	ge of families with c Alexander County	hildren und 20%	der age 5 living in poverty Growing up in poverty is an adverse childhood experience that can
7. Percentag	-		

B. Health Status

The health status of a population might include information about causes of death (mortality) or chronic disease or injury (morbidity), and the impact each can have on the general quality of life experienced in a community. Some indicators of health status are "indexes," which combine multiple items together. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when starting to describe the health needs of a community to a funder so they understand why intervention is needed.

	Alexander County	# 30	County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health outcomes, including:
	County average in NC	# 51 ^a	mortality (length of life) and morbidity (quality of life and birth outcomes).
			Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
2. Percer	tage of adults who are	obese	
	Alexander County	32%	Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report a body mass ind
	County average in NC	32% a	(BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.
			Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
3. Percen	itage of 2-4 year olds w	ho are ov	erweight
	Alexander County	15%	Percentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass
	County average in NC	15% ^c	index (BMI) between 25.0 – 29.9 kg/m2.
			Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition & Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC- PedNESS) (2015)
4. Percen	tage of 2-4 year olds w	ho are ob	ese
	Alexander County	15%	Percentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass
	County average in NC	14% ^c	index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.
			Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition & Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC- PedNESS) (2015)
5. Numbe	er of pedestrian crashes	s per 100,0	000 residents
	Alexander County		Number of motor vehicle crashes involving a pedestrian between 20
	County average in NC	147.8 ^a	and 2015, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. State median includes rural counties only.
			Click here for an interactive map of pedestrian crashes.
			Source: www.pedbikeinfo.org/pbcat_nc/_ped.cfm (2015)
6. Numbe	er of bicycle crashes per	100,000	residents
	Alexander County	2.7	Number of motor vehicle crashes involving a bicyclist between 2007
	County average in NC	48.0 a	and 2015, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. State median
			includes rural counties only.
			Click here for an interactive map of bicycle crashes.

C. Determinants of Health

The health of a population is an outcome or result of many things, including the natural and human-created environments in which people live, work, learn, play, and pray, from the micro environment inside a building to the macro environment of an entire city. These environments, and the way people and organizations conduct their activities in these environments, are governed by policies such as laws and regulations. Some of these environments and policies are a part of larger systems (e.g., education, transportation, health care, and the local economy), which structure the world around us and influence our choices. For that reason, environments, policies, and systems are called "determinants" of health. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when identifying to a funder the underlying structural causes and influences of health which need to be improved in order to support healthy living.

1. County ranking in NC by health factors (1 is best, 100 is worst)				
	Alexander County County average in NC	 # 36 # 51 a County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health factors, including: social and economic factors, health behaviors, clinical care, and physical environment. Each factor is based on several measures. Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018) 		
	2. County ranking in NC by physica	al environment (1 is best, 100 is worst)		
	Alexander County County average in NC	# 59County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by physical environment factors,# 51 aincluding: air and water quality, housing, and transit.Source:www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)		
	3. Percentage of residents who live	re close to a park or recreational facility		
W	Alexander County County average in NC	 19% Percentage of residents who live close to a park (within a half mile) or a recreational facility (within three miles in rural areas, or within one mile in urban areas). <u>Click here for an interactive map of walkability.</u> Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018) 		
	4. Amount of support for healthy e	eating in the local food environment (0 is worst, 10 is best)		
	Alexander County County average in NC	 8 Food Environment Index score (0 to 10) that equally weights two 7.5 a indicators: Percentage of people with limited access to healthy foods, and percentage of people with food insecurity. Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018) 		
	5. Percentage of residents who lac	ck access to reliable food sources		
	Alexander County County average in NC	14%Percentage of residents who lack constant access to a reliable food16%asupply, including, but not solely focused on, fruits and vegetables.Source:www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)		

6. Percentage of low income residents who have limited access to a grocery store

Alexander County	3%	Percentage of residents who are low income (200% or less of the
County average in NC	5% a	federal poverty threshold for the family size) and do not live close to a
, 0		grocery store (over ten miles away in rural areas, or over one mile
		away in nonrural areas).
		Sources www.countyhoolthrapkings.org (2018)

Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)

7. Number of facilities that serve food per 1000 residents

	Alexander County	1.6	(n=60)	Number of facilities where food is served per 1000 residents
	County average in NC	2.3 a	(n=128)	(and total number of facilities).
Types of facilities in county	Restaurants/Drink Stands Food Stands Mobile Food Units Pushcarts Commissary for PCs/MFUs Limited Food Service (includes concessions) Educational Food Service (excluding school meals) Institutional Food Service Elderly Nutrition Sites (catered) (prepared on premises)	1.3 0.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(n=51) (n=7) (n=2)	(Note: for more information about names of food service establishments, contact the county health department, environmental health services/inspections section.) Source: DPH Environmental Health Section (2018)

8. Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families with small children living in

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1	,		
	Alexander County	41.3 (n=78)	Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families
	County average in NC	6.7 a (n=24)	below the poverty line with children under age 5 (and total
			number of subsidized facilities).
			Childcare facilities allow parents to pursue education,
			employment, and other opportunities, but many parents
			cannot afford childcare unless it is subsidized by public, non-
			profit, or private sectors.
		Source:	NC Division of Child Development and Early Education
			. ,

9. Number of resources that support breastfeeding per 1000 residents

	Alexander County	0.03	(n=1)	Number of resources that provide support for breastfeeding
	County average in NC	0.06 a	(n=3)	per 1000 residents (and total number of resources).
	Hospitals	0		7
	Community Birth Centers	0		
	WIC	0.03	(n=1)	
	Non-WIC HD	0		
	Lactation services	0		
Types of	(Clinic based)	0		
	(Private practice)	0		
resources	Peer Support Groups	0		
in county	Other groups/practices	0		
	IBCLC Training/Mentorships	0		
	BF Rsch/Grant Programs	0		
	Clinicians performing frenotomy	0		Source:
	Online BF support groups	0		North Carolina Breastfeeding Coalition (2018)

D. Health Behaviors

A population's behaviors provide information about how people respond to their physical environment and other structural determinants in their community settings. Without health-supporting structures, it is difficult for a community to adopt healthy behaviors. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when describing the lifestyle of a community and providing the rationale for structural improvements.

. Percenta	ge of adults who are phy	sically	inactive
	Alexander County County average in NC	29% 27% ^c	Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report no leisure-time physical activity (such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise). Source: www.countyhealthrankings.org (2018)
. Percent o	change in pedestrian and	bicyc	le activity in monitored locations
NOTE: Alexa	Monitoring locations Pedestrian change Bike use change nder County has no ITRE monitored loc	0 n/a n/a ations.	Percentage increase or decrease in the number of people observed walking and bicycling in certain locations in North Carolina. Walking and bicycling are healthy behaviors, and research has helped fund ongoing monitoring of such activities. Source: https://itre.ncsu.edu/focus/bike-ped/nc-nmvdp/ (2018)
. Percenta	ge of women in the local	WIC p	rogram who initiate breastfeeding
=	Alexander County County average in NC	68% 73% ^a	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is linked to healthy immune system development and can contribute to healthy weight as the child grows up. Source: NC Women, Infants, & Children Crossroads System (2017)
l. Percenta six week	-	WIC p	rogram who breastfeed their infants up to
	Alexander County County average in NC	43% 44% ^a	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies. Source: NC Women, Infants, & Children Crossroads System (2017)
5. Percenta	ge of women in the local	WIC p	rogram who breastfeed their infants up to
six mont	hs of age		
	Alexander County County average in NC	22% 25% ^a	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies

age in NC	25% a	nfants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not					
0		uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies.					

Source: NC Women, Infants, & Children Crossroads System (2017)

E. Local Capacity for Change

A community's capacity for change is founded on the people with knowledge about a community's needs and the strengths to address them. The information they have gathered through assessments, the ideas they have explored or piloted, and their relationship networks are all capacity-enhancing items. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when convincing a funder of the local skills and talents that will contribute to intervention and improvement efforts.

	1. Number of worksites that complete their business practices influence		e CDC Worksite Health Scorecard to assess how oyee health				
	Alexander County County average in NC	1 1.2 ^c	The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) developed the Worksite Health Scorecard to help organizations develop policies, practices, and environments that promote employee health. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) (2018)				
	2. Number of faith communities that	at com	pleted the ESMM "Faithful Families" curriculum				
	Alexander County County average in NC	1 0.6 ^c	The "Faithful Families" curriculum was developed as part of the Eat Smart Move More movement to promote healthy eating and physical activity for all North Carolinians. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) (2018)				
	3. Number of facilitators registered	to tea	ch the ESMM "Faithful Families" curriculum				
В	Alexander County County average in NC	3	 Eat Smart Move More provides training for people wanting to become facilitators of the "Faithful Families" curriculum and program. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) (2018) 				
	4. Number of YMCA locations						
	Alexander County	1	The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has facilities and programming in many local communities. Source: www.ncymcaalliance.org/locations (2018)				
	5. Number of YMCA camps						
I	Alexander County	0	The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has outdoor and activity camps in many local communities. Source: www.ncymcaalliance.org/locations (2018)				
	6. Number of Food Councils Alexander County	0	Local food councils are community-based coalitions, often organized by county, that facilitate collaboration to improve health, food access, and local food economies. Source: communityfoodstrategies.com/what/network/members (2018)				

7. Is the county an Active Routes to Scho	ol (ARTS) Lead County?
No	NC is divided into ten regions to provide coordination of Active Routes to School programming, trainings, and improvements. Each region has a lead county where the project coordinator is located. NC ARTS is a partnership between the NC Department of Transportation and the NC Division of Public Health. <i>NOTE: The program, previously staffed by George Berger in Alexander</i> <i>County, will be ending by 5/31/2019.</i> Source: NC Active Routes to School (2018)
8. Is the Catalyst for Healthy Eating and	Active Living active in the county?
No	Since 2012, NC has received support from the Kate B. Reynolds Charitable Trust, the NC Division of Public Health, and the NC Public Health Foundation to help "catalyze" improvements in selected rural counties for healthy eating and active living. <i>NOTE: The program will be ending by 12/31/2018</i> . Source: Catalyst for Healthy Eating and Active Living (2018)
9. Number of NC Child Care Health Cons	ultants (CCHCs)
Alexander County 1	Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs) are health professionals who
County average in NC 1	 work with child care staff to promote healthy and safe environments for young children. Source: healthychildcarenc.org/consultants (2018)
10. Location of Department of Social Serv	ices (DSS) office
Taylorsville	The Division of Social Services provides guidance and technical assistance to agencies that directly address issues of poverty, family violence, and exploitation. Source: ncdhhs.gov/divisions/dss/local-county-social-services-offices (2018)
11. Number and locations of Women, Infa	ints and Children (WIC) program offices
Number of WIC program offices: 1 Location: Taylorsville	
12. Does the county have a Children's Dev	elopmental Services Agency (CDSA)?
Yes	Local Children's Developmental Services Agencies (CDSAs) help families, caregivers, and professionals serve children with special needs through the NC Division of Public Health's Infant Toddler Program. Source: beearly.nc.gov/index.php/contact/cdsa (2018)
13. Does the county have a Child Care Res	ource and Referral (CCRR) Agency?
Yes	The Child Care Resource & Referral (CCR&R) Council provides a set of services that facilitate access to early care, education, and child care options for families; improve the quality of those options; and provide objective information for planning and policy development.

UNCHealthySolutions enhancing public health capacity and strategy Source: http://childcarerrnc.org/directory.php?actions=search (2018)

a. Median b. Mode (most frequent value)

	Alexander County	4	Head Start programs support children's growth and development
	County average in NC	3 a	
	Head Start	3	Head Start and Early Head Start programs provide services to children
Types of	Early Head Start	1	in every U.S. state and territory, in farmworker camps, and in tribal
centers in	HS & EHS	0	communities.
county	Migrant & Seasonal	0	
county	American Indian & Alaska Native	0	Source: eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/center-locator?state=NC (2018)
5 Area serv	red by the local Smar	t Start na	• •
. Alea selv	eu by the local Sina	County	Each Smart Start partnership is an independent, nonprofit
		County	organization. Local partnerships use independent data to assess child
			well being and offer programs and services, depending on local needs
			Partnerships can be county or multi-county. See the link below to find
			the local Smart Start partnership.
			Source: www.smartstart.org/smart-start-in-your-community (2018)
5. Does the	county have a Shape	NC Cente	
		No	The Shape NC: Healthy Starts for Young Children initiative assists
			communities and child care centers in developing environments,
			practices, and policies that promote healthy eating and active learnin
			among pre-kindergarten children.
			Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health
			Branch (NC DPH)
7. Does the	county have a Go NA	P SACC c	oordinator?
		No	The Nutrition and Physical Activity Self-Assessment for Child Care (NA
			SACC) program develops best practices to help child care programs
			SACC) program develops best practices to help child care programs shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children.
			shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children.
8. Which He	althy Communities	Strategies	shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH)
	ealthy Communities health department?	Strategies	shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH)
regional)	-	Strategies	shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH)
regional)	health department?	-	 shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) were selected for implementation by the local (or
regional) Increase the nu complete the C ScoreCard and	health department? umber of worksites that CDC Worksite Health use the results to address	Strategies no	 shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) were selected for implementation by the local (or The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic
regional) Increase the nu complete the C ScoreCard and chronic disease	health department? umber of worksites that CDC Worksite Health use the results to address e and injury.	-	 shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) were selected for implementation by the local (or The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and
regional) Increase the nu complete the C ScoreCard and chronic disease	health department? umber of worksites that CDC Worksite Health use the results to address	-	 shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) were selected for implementation by the local (or The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategie
regional) Increase the ne complete the C ScoreCard and chronic disease Increase the ne	health department? umber of worksites that CDC Worksite Health use the results to address e and injury.	-	 shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) were selected for implementation by the local (or The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and
regional) Increase the ne complete the C ScoreCard and chronic disease Increase the ne	health department? umber of worksites that CDC Worksite Health use the results to address e and injury. umber of community or small	no	 shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) were selected for implementation by the local (or The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategie
regional) Increase the nu complete the C ScoreCard and chronic disease Increase the nu retail venues p foods.	health department? umber of worksites that CDC Worksite Health use the results to address e and injury. umber of community or small	no	 shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) were selected for implementation by the local (or The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategie
regional) Increase the nu complete the C ScoreCard and chronic disease Increase the nu retail venues p foods. Promote active	health department? umber of worksites that CDC Worksite Health use the results to address e and injury. umber of community or small roviding access to healthy	no	shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) Source selected for implementation by the local (or The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategie to implement from the Healthy Communities Program.
regional) Increase the nu complete the O ScoreCard and chronic disease Increase the nu retail venues p foods. Promote active walkability asse	health department? umber of worksites that CDC Worksite Health use the results to address e and injury. umber of community or small roviding access to healthy e transportation through	no	 shape healthy eating and physical activity habits in children. Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH) were selected for implementation by the local (or The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategie

19. Healthy Communities Program contact location

Alexander Health Department, If an agency is listed, contact them about the Healthy Communities Program. Taylorsville, NC Source: Community and Clinical Connections for Prevention and Health Branch (NC DPH)