North Carolina County Data Profile:

Surry County



Presented by:

Community & Clinical CONNECTIONS for Prevention & Health Branch NORTH CAROLINA Branch DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH

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enhancing public health capacity and strategy

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This county data profile was created to ensure local partners in Surry County have information that can be helpful for program planning or when participating in planning activities conducted by other organizations.

The information in this data profile is grouped into several topics:

- A) Demographics..... p. 3
- B) Health Status.....p. 5
- C) Determinants of Health..... p. 6
- D) Health Behaviors.....p. 9
- E) Local Capacity for Change...... p. 10

Each topic begins with a description and suggestions for how to use the information. Indicators listed within each topic are specifically relevant to the PAN Project. Proposals can include additional data or information, especially if the data demonstrate local need or capacity for response.

Each indicator includes a definition and a source for the information. The county data are presented and compared to averages for the state of North Carolina. For most indicators, bar charts are included to provide a quick visual comparison between the county and state.

To identify indicators where the county data are notably different from the state average (i.e., more than one standard deviation from the state mean, median, or mode), we provide a letter in the margin to the left of the county bar chart (B = county is better than the state average; W = county is worse than the state average).

B Better than average

Worse than average

A. Demographics

Governments, private organizations, community groups, and researchers use demographics to describe a population's characteristics. Key items include the land area; the number and sizes of municipalities; the population size; distributions by age, race, and sex; income and education levels; and key businesses and industries. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when identifying priority populations for assessment, service-delivery, or funding, and when identifying inequities that need attention.

	Surry County	71,401	Number of residents.
	County average in NC	52,071 a	
		02)072	Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2021)
2 Δrea (s	quare miles)		
2. Alca (3	Surry County	533	Square miles of land.
	County average in NC	460 a	Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2020)
3. Numbe	er of municipalities		
	Surry County	4	Number of municipalities.
	County average in NC	6 a	
	, 0		Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2021)
4. Numbe	er of large cities		
	Surry County	0	Number of municipalities listed in the CDC 500 Cities Project, which provided health-related data about the 500 largest cities in the Un States.
			Source: CDC (2019)
5. Averag	e annual wage		
	Surry County	\$40,355	Average annual full-time salary.
	County average in NC	\$40,271 a	
			Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2020)
6. Level o	f economic well-being	<mark>;</mark> (1 is most	distressed, 3 is least)
	Surry County	1	Economic tier designation by NC Department of Commerce.
	County average in NC	2 a	
			Source: NC Department of Commerce (2023)
7. Percen	tage of families with c	hildren und	der age 5 living in poverty
	Surry County	25%	Growing up in poverty is an adverse childhood experience that can

a. Median

b. Mode (most frequent value)

8. Race/ethnicity

Surry County County average in NC ^a Race and ethnicity of county residents.

Surry Count		
81%	White	60%
3%	Black/African American	20%
12%	Hispanic/Latino	11%
<1%	Asian	3%
<1%	American Indian/ Alaska Native	<1%
<1%	Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander	<1%
<1%	Other Races	<1%
3%	Multiple Races	4%

Source: US Census Bureau (2020)

9. Sex

Surry Count	y County ave	erage in NC	^a Sex of c	ounty residents.
51%	Female	51%		
49%	Male	49%	Source:	US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

10. Level of education

Surry County	County ave	rage in NC	a Level o	of education attained by adults (18 years and older).	
20%	Less than high school	1.20/			
20%	graduate	12%			
20%	High school	26%			
50%	graduate/equivalent	20%			
2/1%	Some college or associate's	220/			
54%	degree	5570			
17%	Bachelor's degree or higher	29%			
17/0	bachelor 3 degree of higher	2070	Source	e: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)	
	20% 30% 34%	20%Less than high school graduate30%High school graduate/equivalent34%Some college or associate's degree	20%Less than high school graduate12%30%High school graduate/equivalent26%34%Some college or associate's degree33%	20% Less than high school graduate 12% 30% High school graduate/equivalent 26% 34% Some college or associate's degree 33% 17% Bachelor's degree or higher 29%	20% Less than high school graduate 12% 30% High school graduate/equivalent 26% 34% Some college or associate's degree 33%

11. Primary language

Surry County	County ave	rage in NC	а
90%	English	88%	
9%	Spanish	8%	-
<1%	Other Indo-European languages	2%	_
<1%	Asian and Pacific Island languages	2%	_
<1%	Other languages	<1%	-

n NC^a Primary language spoken at home.

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

12. People with limited Eng	glish proficiency	
Surry County	4%	Percentage of residents (5 years and older) who speak English "less
County average in	1/0	than very well."

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

B. Health Status

The health status of a population might include information about causes of death (mortality) or chronic disease or injury (morbidity), and the impact each can have on the general quality of life experienced in a community. Some indicators of health status are "indexes," which combine multiple items together. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when describing the health needs of a community to decision-makers or funders so they understand why intervention is needed.

	1. County ranking in NC by hea	I lth outcomes (1 is best, 100 is worst)
	Surry County County average in NC	# 47County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health outcomes, including:# 51 amortality (length of life) and morbidity (quality of life and birth outcomes).Source:County Health Rankings (2023)
	2. Percentage of adults who a	re obese
	Surry County County average in NC	32% Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report a body mass index35% a(BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	3. Percentage of 2-4 year olds	who are overweight
W	Surry County County average in NC	20% 14% cPercentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass index (BMI) between 25.0 – 29.9 kg/m2. Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition and Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC- PedNESS) (2018)
	4. Percentage of 2-4 year olds	who are obese
W	Surry County County average in NC	21% 16% cPercentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2. Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition and Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC-
	5. Number of pedestrian crash	nes per 100,000 residents
	Surry County County average in NC	 9.8 Average annual number of motor vehicle crashes involving a pedestrian between 2018 and 2022, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. (State median includes rural counties only.) Source: NC DOT (2022)
	6. Number of bicycle crashes p	per 100,000 residents
	Surry County County average in NC	 Average annual number of motor vehicle crashes involving a bicyclist 3.9 a between 2018 and 2022, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. (State median includes rural counties only.) Source: NC DOT (2022)

C. Determinants of Health

The health of a population is an outcome or result of many things, including the natural and human-created environments in which people live, work, learn, play, and pray, from the micro environment inside a building to the macro environment of an entire city. These environments, and the way people and organizations conduct their activities in these environments, are governed by policies such as laws and regulations. Some of these environments and policies are a part of larger systems (e.g., education, transportation, health care, and the local economy), which structure the world around us and influence our choices. For that reason, environments, policies, and systems are called "determinants" of health. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when identifying to stakeholders and funders the underlying structural causes of health outcomes or health inequities which will need improvement in order to support healthy living.

1. County r	anking in NC by health f a	octors (1 is best, 100 is worst)
	Surry County	# 62	County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health factors, including:
	County average in NC	# 51 ^a	social and economic factors, health behaviors, clinical care, and physical environment. Each factor is based on several measures.
			Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
2. County r	anking in NC by physical	enviro	nment (1 is best, 100 is worst)
	Surry County	# 49	County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by physical environment factors,
	County average in NC	# 51 a	including: air and water quality, housing, and transit.
			Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
3. Percenta	age of residents who live	close t	o a park or recreational facility
	Surry County	48%	Percentage of residents who live close to a park (within a half mile) or a
	County average in NC	65% a	recreational facility (within three miles in rural areas, or within one mile in urban areas).
			Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
4. Amount	of support for healthy ea	iting in	the local food environment (0 is worst, 10 is best)
	Surry County County average in NC	7.3 7.4 a	Food Environment Index score (0 to 10) that equally weights two indicators: Percentage of people with limited access to healthy foods, and percentage of people with food insecurity.
			Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
5. Percenta	ge of residents who lack	access	to reliable food sources
	Surry County	16%	Percentage of residents who lack constant access to a reliable food
	County average in NC	14% a	supply, including, but not solely focused on, fruits and vegetables.
	, 0		Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
6. Percenta	age of low income resider	<mark>nts wh</mark> o	o have limited access to a grocery store
	Surry County	3%	Percentage of residents who are low income (200% or less of the
1	County average in NC	6% a	federal poverty threshold for the family size) and do not live close to a grocery store (over ten miles away in rural areas, or over one mile
			away in nonrural areas).
			Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	a Median		

a. Median b. Mode (most frequent value)

7.	Number o	of facilities that serve foo	d per	⁻ 1000 r	residents
		Surry County	8.4	(n=603)	Number of facilities where food is served per 1000 residents
		County average in NC	2.5 a	(n=175)	(and total number of facilities).
		Restaurants (including Drink Stand)	5.1	(n=362)	(Note: for more information about names of food service establishments, contact the county health department,
		Food Stands	1.9	(n=139)	environmental health services/inspections section.)
		Mobile Food Units	0.6	(n=45)	
		Institutional Food Service	0		
	Types of	Limited Food Service	0.7	(n=49)	
	facilities in	Educational Food Service	0.01	(n=1)	
		Pushcarts	0.04	(n=3)	
	county	Commissary for Pushcarts & Mobile Food Units	0		
		Elderly Nutrition Sites (catered)	0.06	(n=4)	
		Elderly Nutrition Sites (food prepared on premises)	0		Source: NC DPH, Environmental Health Section (2023)

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8. Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families with small children living in poverty

poverty			
	Surry County	7.3 (n=36)	Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families
1	County average in NC	7.5 a (n=23)	below the poverty line with children under age 5 (and total number of subsidized facilities). Childcare facilities allow parents to pursue education, employment, and other opportunities, but many parents cannot afford childcare unless it is subsidized by public, non- profit, or private sectors.
		Source:	US Census; NC DHHS Division of Child Development and Early Education (2023)

9. Number of resources that support breastfeeding per 1000 residents

Surry County	0.1	(n=7)	Number of resources that provide support for breastfeeding
County average in NC	0.1 a	(n=3)	per 1000 residents (and total number of resources).
WIC	0.03	(n=2)	
Hospitals	0.03	(n=2)	
Peer Support Groups	0.01	(n=1)	
Other groups/practices	0		
BF Research/Grant Programs	0		
Lactation services			
Clinic based	0		
Private practice	0.01	(n=1)	
Clinicians performing	0.01	(n=1)	
Online BF support groups	0		
Non-WIC HD	0		
Community Birth Centers	0		Source:
IBCLC Training/Mentoring	0		North Carolina Breastfeeding Coalition (2018)
	County average in NC WIC Hospitals Peer Support Groups Other groups/practices BF Research/Grant Programs Lactation services Clinic based Private practice Clinicians performing frenotomy Online BF support groups Non-WIC HD Community Birth Centers	County average in NC0.1 aWIC0.03Hospitals0.03Peer Support Groups0.01Other groups/practices0BF Research/Grant Programs0Lactation services0Clinic based0Private practice0.01Clinicians performing0.01frenotomy0Online BF support groups0Non-WIC HD0Community Birth Centers0	County average in NC0.1 a (n=3)WIC0.03 (n=2)Hospitals0.03 (n=2)Peer Support Groups0.01 (n=1)Other groups/practices0BF Research/Grant Programs0Lactation services0Clinic based0Private practice0.01 (n=1)Clinicians performing0.01 (n=1)frenotomy0.01 (n=1)Online BF support groups0Non-WIC HD0Community Birth Centers0

a. Median b. Mode (most frequent value)

	Surry County	2.1%	Percentage of workers (age 16 and older) with no vehicle available.
	County average in NC	2.2% ^c	
			Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)
.1. Hous	eholds with severe hous i	ng proble	ems
. <mark>1. Hous</mark>	eholds with severe hous Surry County	ng proble 12.8%	
.1. Hous		0.	Percentage of households with overcrowding, high housing costs, lac

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D. Health Behaviors

A population's behaviors provide information about how people respond to their physical environment and other structural determinants in their community settings. Without health-supporting structures, it is difficult for a community to adopt healthy behaviors. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when describing the lifestyle of a community and providing the rationale for structural improvements.

1. Percent	age of adults who are p	hysically	inactive
	Surry County County average in NC	25% 24% ^c	Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report no leisure-time physical activity (such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise). Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
2. Percent	change in pedestrian a	nd bicyc	e activity in monitored locations
NOTE:	Monitoring locations Pedestrian change Bike use change Surry County has no ITRE monitored	0 n/a n/a d locations.	Percentage increase or decrease in the number of people observed walking and bicycling in certain locations in North Carolina. Walking and bicycling are healthy behaviors, and research has helped fund ongoing monitoring of such activities. Source: Institute for Transportation Research (ITRE) (2022)
3. Percent	age of women in the lo	cal WIC p	rogram who initiate breastfeeding
	Surry County County average in NC	70% 75% ^c	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is linked to healthy immune system development and can contribute to healthy weight as the child grows up. Source: NC DHHS (2022)
	age of women in the loo ks of age	cal WIC p	rogram who breastfeed their infants up to
	Surry County County average in NC	41% 52% °	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies. Source: NC DHHS (2022)
	-	cal WIC p	rogram who breastfeed their infants up to
six mon	ths of age		
	Surry County County average in NC	25% 33% ^c	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies.

E. Local Capacity for Change

A community's capacity for change is founded on the people with knowledge about a community's needs and the strengths to address them. The information they have gathered through assessments, the ideas they have explored or piloted, and their relationship networks are all capacity-enhancing items. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when informing decision-makers, funders, and other stakeholders about the local knowledge, skills, and talents that could contribute to intervention and health improvement efforts.

1. Which **Healthy Communities Strategies** were selected for implementation by the local (or regional) health department?

Active Transportation	no	The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health		
Breastfeeding Friendly Designations/Awards	no	departments that work with community partners to address chronic		
Healthy Food Access in Community Venues	no	disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategies		
Suicide Prevention	no	to implement from the Healthy Communities Program.		
Syringe Exchange Programs	no			
Tobacco-Free Policies	no	Source: NC DHHS (2021)		
2. Location of Department of Social Services (DSS) office				
	Dobson	The Division of Social Services provides guidance and technical		

Dobs	on	assistance to agencies that directly address issues of poverty, family violence, and exploitation. Source: NC DHHS (2023)		
3. Number of YMCA locations				
Surry County	0	The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has facilities and programming in many local communities. Source: NC Alliance of YMCAs (2023)		
4. Number of YMCA camps				
Surry County	0	The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has outdoor and activity camps in many local communities. Source: NC Alliance of YMCAs (2023)		
5. Number of community and technic	al co	olleges		
Surry County County average in NC	1 1 a	Community colleges, technical colleges, and other institutions authorized to award Associate degrees or 2-year certificates. Source: National Center for Education Statistics (2023)		
6. Number of historically Black colleges and universities (HBCUs)				
Surry County County average in NC	0 a	Historically Black colleges and universities (HBCUs) are institutions that were established prior to 1964 with the principal mission of educating Black Americans.		
		Source: National Center for Education Statistics (2023)		

	Surry County	3 (n=2)	Health centers receive federal grant funding to improve the health of
1	County average in NC	6 (n=4) a	underserved populations, including individuals and families experiencing homelessness, migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, and residents of public housing.
			Source: NC DHHS; US DHHS Health Resources & Services Administration (HRSA) (2023)
8. Numb	er of food pantries		
	Surry County	3	Number of food banks, soup kitchens, and food pantries in the count
	County average in NC	3 a	Source: Food-banks.org (2023)
9. Numb	er of Food Councils		
	Surry County	0	Local food councils are community-based coalitions, often organized county, that facilitate collaboration to improve health, food access, a local food economies.
			Source: NC Food Councils Network (2023)
0 Numb	er of grocery stores par	ticinating	in Produce Ry
o. Numb	Surry County		The Produce Rx program allows healthcare providers to prescribe fru
	County average in NC	0 a	and vegetables to patients diagnosed with pre-diabetes, diabetes, or
			hypertension. Patients are given monthly funds to purchase fresh fru and vegetables at participating grocery stores.
1. Numb	er and locations of Wo	men, Infar	and vegetables at participating grocery stores.
	er and locations of Wo l program office listed.	men, Infar 0	and vegetables at participating grocery stores. Source: DC Greens (2023) ts and Children (WIC) program offices WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. WIC provides nutritious
No WIC	program office listed.	0	and vegetables at participating grocery stores. Source: DC Greens (2023) Its and Children (WIC) program offices WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. WIC provides nutritious foods, breastfeeding promotion and support, nutrition education, an health care referrals for women and children.
No WIC	program office listed.	0	and vegetables at participating grocery stores. Source: DC Greens (2023) ts and Children (WIC) program offices WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. WIC provides nutritious foods, breastfeeding promotion and support, nutrition education, an health care referrals for women and children. Source: WicPrograms.org (2023) Elopmental Services Agency (CDSA)? Local Children's Developmental Services Agencies (CDSAs) help
No WIC	program office listed. the county have a Child	0 ren's Deve Yes	Source: DC Greens (2023) ts and Children (WIC) program offices WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. WIC provides nutritious foods, breastfeeding promotion and support, nutrition education, an health care referrals for women and children. Source: WicPrograms.org (2023) Elopmental Services Agency (CDSA)? Local Children's Developmental Services Agencies (CDSAs) help families, caregivers, and professionals serve children with special need through the NC Division of Public Health's Infant Toddler Program.

14. Does the	county have a Shape N	VC Cente	ter?	
		Yes	The Shape NC: Healthy Starts for Young Children initiative assists communities and child care centers in developing environments, practices, and policies that promote healthy eating and active learning among pre-kindergarten children. Source: Smart Start (2021)	
15. Number of children enrolled in early child care (per 100 children <13)				
	Surry County County average in NC	14 13 a		
16. Number of NC Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs)				
	Surry County County average in NC	3 1 a		
17. Number of Head Start Centers				
Types of centers in county	Surry County County average in NC Head Start Early Head Start HS & EHS Migrant & Seasonal American Indian & Alaska Native	5 3 a 0 0 0 0	 a through services including early learning, health, and family well-being Head Start and Early Head Start programs provide services to children in every U.S. state and territory, in farmworker camps, and in tribal communities. 	

18. Area served by the local Smart Start partnership

County Each Smart Start partnership is an independent, nonprofit organization. Local partnerships use independent data to assess childwell being and offer programs and services, depending on local needs. Partnerships can be county or multi-county. See the link below to find the local Smart Start partnership.

Source: Smart Start (2023)