# North Carolina County Data Profile: Randolph County



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# Presented by:

Community & Clinical CONNECTIONS for Prevention & Health Branch DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Prepared by:

**UNCHealthySolutions** 

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unchealthysolutions.web.unc.edu

This county data profile was created to ensure local partners in Randolph County have information that can be helpful for program planning or when participating in planning activities conducted by other organizations.

The information in this data profile is grouped into several topics:

A)	Demographicsp. 3
B)	Health Statusp. 5
C)	Determinants of Health p. 6
D)	Health Behaviorsp. 9
E)	Local Capacity for Changep. 10

Each topic begins with a description and suggestions for how to use the information. Indicators listed within each topic are specifically relevant to the PAN Project. Proposals can include additional data or information, especially if the data demonstrate local need or capacity for response.

Each indicator includes a definition and a source for the information. The county data are presented and compared to averages for the state of North Carolina. For most indicators, bar charts are included to provide a quick visual comparison between the county and state.

To identify indicators where the county data are notably different from the state average (i.e., more than one standard deviation from the state mean, median, or mode), we provide a letter in the margin to the left of the county bar chart (**B** = county is better than the state average; **W** = county is worse than the state average).

Better than average

W Worse than average

#### A. Demographics

Governments, private organizations, community groups, and researchers use demographics to describe a population's characteristics. Key items include the land area; the number and sizes of municipalities; the population size; distributions by age, race, and sex; income and education levels; and key businesses and industries. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when identifying priority populations for assessment, service-delivery, or funding, and when identifying inequities that need attention.

1. Population		,
Randolph Coun	•	Number of residents.
County average	in NC 52,071 <sup>a</sup>	Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2021)
2. Area (square miles)		
Randolph Coun	ty 782	Square miles of land.
County average	in NC 460 a	
		Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2020)
3. Number of municipali	ties	
Randolph Coun	ty 11	Number of municipalities.
County average	in NC 6 a	
		Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2021)
4. Number of large cities		
Randolph Coun	•	Number of municipalities listed in the CDC 500 Cities Project, which
	(High Point)	provided health-related data about the 500 largest cities in the United States.
		Source: CDC (2019)
5. Average annual wage		
Randolph Coun	ty \$40,124	Average annual full-time salary.
County average	in NC \$40,271 a	
		Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2020)
6. Level of <b>economic we</b> l	<b>I-being</b> (1 is most	t distressed, 3 is least)
Randolph Coun	ty 1	Economic tier designation by NC Department of Commerce.
County average	in NC 2 a	
		Source: NC Department of Commerce (2023)
7. Percentage of families	with children un	der age 5 <b>living in poverty</b>
Randolph Coun	ty 16%	Growing up in poverty is an adverse childhood experience that can
County average	in NC 16% a	negatively influence health outcomes for the rest of a person's life.

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

b. Mode (most frequent value)

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#### 8. Race/ethnicity

Randolph C	erage in NC	
75%	White	60%
6%	Black/African American	20%
13%	Hispanic/Latino	11%
1%	Asian	3%
<1%	American Indian/ Alaska Native	<1%
<1%	Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander	<1%
<1%	Other Races	<1%
3%	Multiple Races	4%

Race and ethnicity of county residents.

US Census Bureau (2020)

#### 9. **Sex**

Randolph County		County average in NC		
51%		Female	51%	
49%		Male	49%	

<sup>a</sup> Sex of county residents.

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

#### 10. Level of education

Randolph County County ave		erage in NC	
170/	Less than high school		12%
17%	gra	duate	12%
34%	High	school	26%
34%	graduate	/equivalent	20%
33%	Some college	e or associate's	33%
33%	de	gree	33/0
15%	Bachelor's de	egree or higher	29%

Level of education attained by adults (18 years and older).

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

#### 11. Primary language

Randolph Cou	<b>inty</b> County ave	County average in NC		
88%	English	88%		
11%	Spanish	8%		
<1%	Other Indo-European languages	2%		
<1%	Asian and Pacific Island languages	2%		
<1%	Other languages	<1%		

<sup>a</sup> Primary language spoken at home.

US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

#### 12. People with limited English proficiency

County average in NC

**Randolph County** 

Percentage of residents (5 years and older) who speak English "less 4% a than very well."

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

**UNCHealthySolutions** 

a. Median

b. Mode (most frequent value)

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c. Mean

#### **B.** Health Status

The health status of a population might include information about causes of death (mortality) or chronic disease or injury (morbidity), and the impact each can have on the general quality of life experienced in a community. Some indicators of health status are "indexes," which combine multiple items together. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when describing the health needs of a community to decision-makers or funders so they understand why intervention is needed.

outcomes).

#### County ranking in NC by health outcomes (1 is best, 100 is worst)

# 69 County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health outcomes, including: Randolph County mortality (length of life) and morbidity (quality of life and birth County average in NC #51 a

Source: County Health Rankings (2023)

#### 2. Percentage of adults who are obese

**Randolph County** 36% County average in NC

Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report a body mass index 35% a (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.

Source: County Health Rankings (2023)

#### 3. Percentage of 2-4 year olds who are overweight

Randolph County 15% 14% 0 County average in NC

Percentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass index (BMI) between 25.0 – 29.9 kg/m2.

Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition and Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC-PedNESS) (2018)

#### 4. Percentage of **2-4 year olds who are obese**

Randolph County County average in NC

16% 16% c

Percentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.

NC Pediatric Nutrition and Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC-PedNESS) (2018)

#### 5. Number of **pedestrian crashes** per 100,000 residents

Randolph County County average in NC 18.9 12.9 a

Average annual number of motor vehicle crashes involving a pedestrian between 2018 and 2022, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents.

(State median includes rural counties only.)

Source: NC DOT (2022)

#### 6. Number of bicycle crashes per 100,000 residents

**Randolph County** 

County average in NC

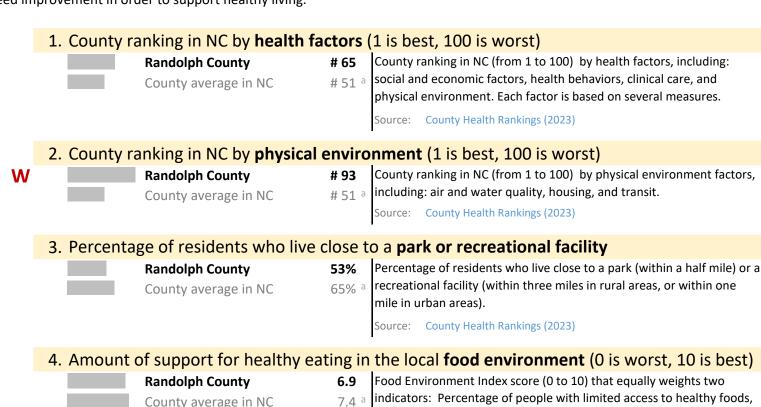
4.0

Average annual number of motor vehicle crashes involving a bicyclist between 2018 and 2022, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. (State median includes rural counties only.)

Source: NC DOT (2022)

#### C. Determinants of Health

The health of a population is an outcome or result of many things, including the natural and human-created environments in which people live, work, learn, play, and pray, from the micro environment inside a building to the macro environment of an entire city. These environments, and the way people and organizations conduct their activities in these environments, are governed by policies such as laws and regulations. Some of these environments and policies are a part of larger systems (e.g., education, transportation, health care, and the local economy), which structure the world around us and influence our choices. For that reason, environments, policies, and systems are called "determinants" of health. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when identifying to stakeholders and funders the underlying structural causes of health outcomes or health inequities which will need improvement in order to support healthy living.



# Source: County Health Rankings (2023)

5. Percentage of residents who lack access to reliable food sources **Randolph County** 14% Percentage of residents who lack constant access to a reliable food supply, including, but not solely focused on, fruits and vegetables. County average in NC 14% a Source: County Health Rankings (2023)

and percentage of people with food insecurity.

## 6. Percentage of low income residents who have limited access to a grocery store

**Randolph County** 10% Percentage of residents who are low income (200% or less of the federal poverty threshold for the family size) and do not live close to a 6% a County average in NC grocery store (over ten miles away in rural areas, or over one mile away in nonrural areas). Source: County Health Rankings (2023)

a. Median

c. Mean

#### 7. Number of facilities that serve food per 1000 residents

		•		·
	Randolph County	<b>0.7</b> 2.5 a		Number of facilities where food is served per 1000 residents (and total number of facilities).
	County average in NC	Z.5 °	(11-175)	
	Restaurants (including Drink Stand)	0.5	(n=66)	(Note: for more information about names of food service establishments, contact the county health department,
	Food Stands	0.1	(n=21)	environmental health services/inspections section.)
	Mobile Food Units	0.03	(n=4)	
	Institutional Food Service	0.05	(n=7)	
Types of	Limited Food Service	0		
facilities in	Educational Food Service	0		
	Pushcarts	0		
county	Commissary for Pushcarts & Mobile Food Units	0.02	(n=3)	
	Elderly Nutrition Sites (catered)	0.01	(n=2)	
	Elderly Nutrition Sites (food prepared on premises)	0		Source: NC DPH, Environmental Health Section (2023)

# 8. Number of **subsidized childcare facilities** per 1000 families with small children living in poverty

Randolph County

County average in NC

5.0 (n=31)

Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families below the poverty line with children under age 5

(and total number of subsidized facilities).
Childcare facilities allow parents to pursue education,
employment, and other opportunities, but many parents
cannot afford childcare unless it is subsidized by public, nonprofit, or private sectors.

Source: US Census; NC DHHS Division of Child Development and Early Education (2023)

# 9. Number of resources that support breastfeeding per 1000 residents

	Randolph County	0.0	(n=2)	Number of resources that provide support for breastfeeding
	County average in NC	0.1 a	(n=3)	per 1000 residents (and total number of resources).
	WIC	0.007	(n=1)	
	Hospitals	0.007	(n=1)	
	Peer Support Groups	0		
	Other groups/practices	0		
	BF Research/Grant Programs	0		
Types of	Lactation services			
Types of	Clinic based	0		
resources	Private practice	0		
in county	Clinicians performing	0		
•	frenotomy	U		
	Online BF support groups	0		
	Non-WIC HD	0		
	Community Birth Centers	0		Source:
	IBCLC Training/Mentoring	0		North Carolina Breastfeeding Coalition (2018)

b. Mode (most frequent value)

#### 10. Workers with no vehicle in household

**Randolph County** 1.6%

Percentage of workers (age 16 and older) with no vehicle available.

2.2% c County average in NC

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

#### 11. Households with severe housing problems

**Randolph County** 

13.2%

County average in NC

Percentage of households with overcrowding, high housing costs, lack 14.4% c of kitchen facilities, or lack of plumbing facilities.

Source: County Health Rankings (2023)

#### D. Health Behaviors

A population's behaviors provide information about how people respond to their physical environment and other structural determinants in their community settings. Without health-supporting structures, it is difficult for a community to adopt healthy behaviors. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when describing the lifestyle of a community and providing the rationale for structural improvements.

#### 1. Percentage of adults who are physically inactive

Randolph County

24%

24% 0 County average in NC

Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report no leisure-time physical activity (such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise).

Source: County Health Rankings (2023)

#### 2. Percent change in **pedestrian and bicycle activity** in monitored locations

Monitoring locations

Pedestrian change n/a Bike use change n/a

NOTE: Randolph County has no ITRE monitored locations.

County average in NC

Percentage increase or decrease in the number of people observed walking and bicycling in certain locations in North Carolina. Walking and bicycling are healthy behaviors, and research has helped fund ongoing monitoring of such activities.

Source: Institute for Transportation Research (ITRE) (2022)

#### 3. Percentage of women in the local WIC program who initiate breastfeeding

Randolph County

76%

75% c

WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is linked to healthy immune system development and can contribute to healthy weight as the child grows up.

Source: NC DHHS (2022)

# 4. Percentage of women in the local WIC program who breastfeed their infants up to six weeks of age

Randolph County

County average in NC

49%

WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, 52% c Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies.

Source: NC DHHS (2022)

# 5. Percentage of women in the local WIC program who breastfeed their infants up to six months of age

**Randolph County** 

30%

County average in NC

33% c

WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies.

Source: NC DHHS (2022)

#### E. Local Capacity for Change

A community's capacity for change is founded on the people with knowledge about a community's needs and the strengths to address them. The information they have gathered through assessments, the ideas they have explored or piloted, and their relationship networks are all capacity-enhancing items. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when informing decision-makers, funders, and other stakeholders about the local knowledge, skills, and talents that could contribute to intervention and health improvement efforts.

# 1. Which **Healthy Communities Strategies** were selected for implementation by the local (or regional) health department?

Active Transportation	no
Breastfeeding Friendly Designations/Awards	no
Healthy Food Access in Community Venues	yes
Suicide Prevention	no
Syringe Exchange Programs	yes
Tobacco-Free Policies	ves

The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health departments that work with community partners to address chronic disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategies to implement from the Healthy Communities Program.

Source: NC DHHS (2021)

#### 2. Location of Department of Social Services (DSS) office

Asheboro

The Division of Social Services provides guidance and technical assistance to agencies that directly address issues of poverty, family violence, and exploitation.

Source: NC DHHS (2023)

3. Number of YMCA locations

**Randolph County** 

The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has facilities and programming in many local communities.

Source: NC Alliance of YMCAs (2023)

4. Number of YMCA camps

**Randolph County** 

The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has outdoor and activity camps in many local communities.

Source: NC Alliance of YMCAs (2023)

5. Number of community and technical colleges

Randolph County

County average in NC

Community colleges, technical colleges, and other institutions authorized to award Associate degrees or 2-year certificates.

Source: National Center for Education Statistics (2023)

6. Number of historically Black colleges and universities (HBCUs)

**Randolph County** 

County average in NC

Historically Black colleges and universities (HBCUs) are institutions that

were established prior to 1964 with the principal mission of educating Black Americans.

Source: National Center for Education Statistics (2023)

a. Median

Mean

#### 7. Number of Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) per 100,000 residents

Randolph County

County average in NC

3 (n=5)

6 (n=4) a

Health centers receive federal grant funding to improve the health of underserved populations, including individuals and families experiencing homelessness, migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, and residents of public housing.

Source: NC DHHS; US DHHS Health Resources & Services Administration

(HRSA) (2023)

#### 8. Number of food pantries

Randolph County

3

Number of food banks, soup kitchens, and food pantries in the county.

**3** a

Source: Food-banks.org (2023)

#### 9. Number of Food Councils

**Randolph County** 

County average in NC

Local food councils are community-based coalitions, often organized by county, that facilitate collaboration to improve health, food access, and local food economies.

Source: NC Food Councils Network (2023)

#### 10. Number of grocery stores participating in **Produce Rx**

Randolph County

2

County average in NC

The Produce Rx program allows healthcare providers to prescribe fruit and vegetables to patients diagnosed with pre-diabetes, diabetes, or hypertension. Patients are given monthly funds to purchase fresh fruits and vegetables at participating grocery stores.

Source: DC Greens (2023)

## 11. Number and locations of Women, Infants and Children (WIC) program offices

Number of WIC program offices:

Locations: Archdale, Asheboro, High Point

WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. WIC provides nutritious foods, breastfeeding promotion and support, nutrition education, and health care referrals for women and children.

Source: WicPrograms.org (2023)

## 12. Does the county have a Children's Developmental Services Agency (CDSA)?

Yes

Local Children's Developmental Services Agencies (CDSAs) help families, caregivers, and professionals serve children with special needs through the NC Division of Public Health's Infant Toddler Program.

Source: NC DHHS (2023)

# 13. Does the county have a **Child Care Resource and Referral (CCRR) Agency**?

Yes

The Child Care Resource & Referral (CCR&R) Council provides a set of services that facilitate access to early care, education, and child care options for families; improve the quality of those options; and provide objective information for planning and policy development.

Source: NC Child Care Resource & Referral Council (CCR&R) (2023)

a. Median

c. Mean

#### 14. Does the county have a **Shape NC Center**?

Yes

The Shape NC: Healthy Starts for Young Children initiative assists communities and child care centers in developing environments, practices, and policies that promote healthy eating and active learning among pre-kindergarten children.

Source: Smart Start (2021)

#### 15. Number of children enrolled in early child care (per 100 children <13)

Randolph County

County average in NC

County average in NC

10

Average number of children enrolled in child care for every 100

3 a children under age 13 in the county.

Source: NC DHHS (2022)

#### 16. Number of NC Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs)

**Randolph County** 

1

Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs) are health professionals who work with child care staff to promote healthy and safe environments

for young children.

Source: NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center (2023)

#### 17. Number of Head Start Centers

Head Start programs support children's growth and development through services including early learning, health, and family well-being. Head Start and Early Head Start programs provide services to children in every U.S. state and territory, in farmworker camps, and in tribal communities.

Durce: US DHHS, Head Start Early Childhood Learning & Knowledge Center (2023)

#### 18. Area served by the local Smart Start partnership

County

Each Smart Start partnership is an independent, nonprofit organization. Local partnerships use independent data to assess childwell being and offer programs and services, depending on local needs. Partnerships can be county or multi-county. See the link below to find the local Smart Start partnership.

Source: Smart Start (2023)