## North Carolina County Data Profile:

## **Columbus County**



Presented by:

Community & Clinical CONNECTIONS for Prevention & Health Branch NORTH CAROLINA Branch DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH

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enhancing public health capacity and strategy

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This county data profile was created to ensure local partners in Columbus County have information that can be helpful for program planning or when participating in planning activities conducted by other organizations.

The information in this data profile is grouped into several topics:

- A) Demographics..... p. 3
- B) Health Status.....p. 5
- C) Determinants of Health..... p. 6
- D) Health Behaviors.....p. 9
- E) Local Capacity for Change...... p. 10

Each topic begins with a description and suggestions for how to use the information. Indicators listed within each topic are specifically relevant to the PAN Project. Proposals can include additional data or information, especially if the data demonstrate local need or capacity for response.

Each indicator includes a definition and a source for the information. The county data are presented and compared to averages for the state of North Carolina. For most indicators, bar charts are included to provide a quick visual comparison between the county and state.

To identify indicators where the county data are notably different from the state average (i.e., more than one standard deviation from the state mean, median, or mode), we provide a letter in the margin to the left of the county bar chart (**B** = county is better than the state average; **W** = county is worse than the state average).

B Better than average

Worse than average

#### A. Demographics

Governments, private organizations, community groups, and researchers use demographics to describe a population's characteristics. Key items include the land area; the number and sizes of municipalities; the population size; distributions by age, race, and sex; income and education levels; and key businesses and industries. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when identifying priority populations for assessment, service-delivery, or funding, and when identifying inequities that need attention.

	1. Population		
	Columbus County	50,369	Number of residents.
	County average in NC	52,071 a	
			Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2021)
	2. Area (square miles)		
	Columbus County	938	Square miles of land.
	County average in NC	460 a	
			Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2020)
	3. Number of municipalities		
	Columbus County	10	Number of municipalities.
	County average in NC	6 a	
			Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2021)
	4. Number of large cities		
	Columbus County	0	Number of municipalities listed in the CDC 500 Cities Project, which provided health-related data about the 500 largest cities in the Unite States.
			Source: CDC (2019)
	5. Average annual <b>wage</b>		
1	Columbus County	\$38,387	Average annual full-time salary.
	County average in NC	\$40,271 a	
			Source: NC Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) (2020)
	6. Level of economic well-being (	1 is most	t distressed, 3 is least)
	Columbus County	1	Economic tier designation by NC Department of Commerce.
	County average in NC	<b>2</b> a	
			Source: NC Department of Commerce (2023)
	7. Percentage of <b>families</b> with ch	ildren un	der age 5 <b>living in poverty</b>
	Columbus County	47%	Growing up in poverty is an adverse childhood experience that can
	County average in NC	<b>16%</b> a	negatively influence health outcomes for the rest of a person's life.
	County average in NC	10/0 ~	Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

b. Mode (most frequent value)

c. Mean

a. Median

#### 8. Race/ethnicity

**Columbus County** County average in NC <sup>a</sup> Race and ethnicity of county residents.

	and be in the	
59%	White	60%
29%	Black/African American	20%
5%	Hispanic/Latino	11%
<1%	Asian	3%
3%	American Indian/ Alaska Native	<1%
<1%	Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander	<1%
<1%	Other Races	<1%
3%	Multiple Races	4%

Source: US Census Bureau (2020)

#### 9. Sex

Columbus C	County	County ave	erage in NC	а	Sex of co	ounty residents.
50%		Female	51%	_		
50%		Male	49%	-	Source:	US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

#### 10. Level of education

Columbus	County County	average in NC	<sup>a</sup> Level of education attained by adults (18 years and older).
16%	Less than high school	12%	
10%	graduate	1270	
38%	High school	26%	
50%	graduate/equivalent	20%	
33%	Some college or associat	e's 33%	
55%	degree	55%	
12%	Bachelor's degree or hig	er 29%	
12/0		2070	Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

#### 11. Primary language

County average in NC <sup>a</sup> Primary language spoken at home. **Columbus County** 

94%	English	88%			
5%	Spanish	8%			
<1%	Other Indo-European languages	2%			
<1%	Asian and Pacific Island languages	2%			
<1%	Other languages	<1%			

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)

12. People w	12. People with limited English proficiency					
	<b>Columbus County</b> County average in NC		Percentage of residents (5 years and older) who speak English "less than very well."			
	county average in Ne	- , -	Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)			

#### **B. Health Status**

The health status of a population might include information about causes of death (mortality) or chronic disease or injury (morbidity), and the impact each can have on the general quality of life experienced in a community. Some indicators of health status are "indexes," which combine multiple items together. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when describing the health needs of a community to decision-makers or funders so they understand why intervention is needed.

	<b>1 0 ·</b>			
	1. County r			es (1 is best, 100 is worst)
W	-	Columbus County County average in NC	<b># 91</b> # 51 ª	County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health outcomes, including: mortality (length of life) and morbidity (quality of life and birth outcomes). Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
				Source. County health Kankings (2025)
	2. Percenta	age of <b>adults who are o</b>	bese	
W		Columbus County	42%	Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report a body mass index
		County average in NC	35% a	(BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.
				Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	3. Percenta	age of <b>2-4 year olds wh</b>	o are ov	erweight
В		Columbus County	11%	Percentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass
		County average in NC	14% <sup>c</sup>	index (BMI) between 25.0 – 29.9 kg/m2.
				Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition and Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC- PedNESS) (2018)
	4. Percenta	age of <b>2-4 year olds wh</b>	o are ob	ese
		Columbus County	19%	Percentage of children (2 to 4 years of age) who report a body mass
		County average in NC	16% <sup>c</sup>	index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2.
				Source: NC Pediatric Nutrition and Epidemiology Surveillance System (NC- PedNESS) (2018)
	5. Number	of <b>pedestrian crashes</b>	per 100,0	000 residents
W		Columbus County County average in NC	<b>24.2</b> 12.9 a	Average annual number of motor vehicle crashes involving a pedestriar between 2018 and 2022, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. (State median includes rural counties only.)
				Source: NC DOT (2022)
	6. Number	of <b>bicycle crashes</b> per :	100,000	residents
		Columbus County	, 5.6	Average annual number of motor vehicle crashes involving a bicyclist
	ī.	County average in NC	<b>3.9</b> a	between 2018 and 2022, reported as a rate per 100,000 residents. (State median includes rural counties only.)
				Source: NC DOT (2022)

#### **C. Determinants of Health**

The health of a population is an outcome or result of many things, including the natural and human-created environments in which people live, work, learn, play, and pray, from the micro environment inside a building to the macro environment of an entire city. These environments, and the way people and organizations conduct their activities in these environments, are governed by policies such as laws and regulations. Some of these environments and policies are a part of larger systems (e.g., education, transportation, health care, and the local economy), which structure the world around us and influence our choices. For that reason, environments, policies, and systems are called "determinants" of health. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when identifying to stakeholders and funders the underlying structural causes of health outcomes or health inequities which will need improvement in order to support healthy living.

	1. County ra	anking in NC by <b>health fa</b>	ctors (	1 is best, 100 is worst)
W		Columbus County	# 93	County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by health factors, including: social and economic factors, health behaviors, clinical care, and
		County average in NC	# 51 a	physical environment. Each factor is based on several measures.
				Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	2. County ra	anking in NC by <b>physical</b>	enviro	nment (1 is best, 100 is worst)
		Columbus County	# 74	County ranking in NC (from 1 to 100) by physical environment factors,
		County average in NC	<b># 51</b> a	including: air and water quality, housing, and transit.
				Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	3. Percenta	ge of residents who live of	close t	o a park or recreational facility
W		Columbus County	39%	Percentage of residents who live close to a park (within a half mile) or a
		County average in NC	65% a	recreational facility (within three miles in rural areas, or within one
				mile in urban areas).
				Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	4. Amount		ting in	the local <b>food environment</b> (0 is worst, 10 is best)
		Columbus County	7.1	Food Environment Index score (0 to 10) that equally weights two
		County average in NC	7.4 a	indicators: Percentage of people with limited access to healthy foods, and percentage of people with food insecurity.
				Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	5. Percenta	ge of residents who lack	access	to reliable food sources
W		Columbus County	17%	Percentage of residents who lack constant access to a reliable food
		County average in NC	14% a	supply, including, but not solely focused on, fruits and vegetables.
				Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	6. Percenta	ge of low income resider	nts who	have limited access to a grocery store
		Columbus County	4%	Percentage of residents who are low income (200% or less of the
		County average in NC	<b>6%</b> a	federal poverty threshold for the family size) and do not live close to a
				grocery store (over ten miles away in rural areas, or over one mile
				away in nonrural areas).
				Source: County Health Rankings (2023)
	مرمند را م ۲ رمادا به	a. Median		

a. Medianb. Mode (most frequent value)

c. Mean

7.	Number o	of facilities that serve foo	d per	<sup>-</sup> 1000 r	residents
		Columbus County	4.0	(n=199)	Number of facilities where food is served per 1000 residents
		County average in NC	2.5 <sup>a</sup>	(n=175)	(and total number of facilities).
		Restaurants (including Drink Stand)	2.2	(n=112)	(Note: for more information about names of food service establishments, contact the county health department,
		Food Stands	1.2	(n=59)	environmental health services/inspections section.)
		Mobile Food Units	0.5	(n=26)	
		Institutional Food Service	0		
	Types of	Limited Food Service	0		
	facilities in	Educational Food Service	0		
		Pushcarts	0		
	county	Commissary for Pushcarts & Mobile Food Units	0		
		Elderly Nutrition Sites (catered)	0.04	(n=2)	
		Elderly Nutrition Sites (food prepared on premises)	0		Source: NC DPH, Environmental Health Section (2023)

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#### 8. Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families with small children living in poverty

poverty			
	Columbus County	<b>3.1</b> (n=21)	Number of subsidized childcare facilities per 1000 families
I	County average in NC	7.5 a (n=23)	below the poverty line with children under age 5
			(and total number of subsidized facilities).
			Childcare facilities allow parents to pursue education,
			employment, and other opportunities, but many parents
			cannot afford childcare unless it is subsidized by public, non-
			profit, or private sectors.
		Source:	US Census; NC DHHS Division of Child Development and Early
			Education (2023)

#### 9. Number of resources that support breastfeeding per 1000 residents

support for breastfeeding
ber of resources).
n (2018)



10. Work	ers with <b>no vehicle in ho</b>	usehold	
	<b>Columbus County</b>	1.7%	Percentage of workers (age 16 and older) with no vehicle available.
	County average in NC	2.2% <sup>c</sup>	
			Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2020)
11	ah alalaithi a su ana la su si		·
II. HOUSE	eholds with <b>severe hous</b> i	ing proble	ems
	Columbus County		Percentage of households with overcrowding, high housing costs, lack
		14.4% <sup>c</sup>	of kitchen facilities, or lack of plumbing facilities.
	County average in NC	14.4% °	or kiterien raemines, or lack of planning raemines.

#### **D. Health Behaviors**

A population's behaviors provide information about how people respond to their physical environment and other structural determinants in their community settings. Without health-supporting structures, it is difficult for a community to adopt healthy behaviors. HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION: when describing the lifestyle of a community and providing the rationale for structural improvements.

	1. Percen	tage of adults who are <b>p</b>	hysically	'inactive				
W	÷.	<b>Columbus County</b> County average in NC	<b>28%</b> 24% <sup>c</sup>	Percentage of adults (age 20 and older) who report no leisure-time physical activity (such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise). Source: County Health Rankings (2023)				
	2. Percent change in pedestrian and bicycle activity in monitored locations							
	NOTE: Co	Monitoring locations Pedestrian change Bike use change lumbus County has no ITRE monitored	0 n/a n/a	Percentage increase or decrease in the number of people observed walking and bicycling in certain locations in North Carolina. Walking and bicycling are healthy behaviors, and research has helped fund ongoing monitoring of such activities. Source: Institute for Transportation Research (ITRE) (2022)				
		,						
	3. Percen	tage of women in the lo	cal WIC p	rogram who initiate breastfeeding				
		<b>Columbus County</b> County average in NC	<b>73%</b> 75% <sup>c</sup>	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is linked to healthy immune system development and can contribute to healthy weight as the child grows up. Source: NC DHHS (2022)				
		tage of women in the lo <b>eks of age</b>	cal WIC p	rogram who breastfeed their infants up to				
W	-	<b>Columbus County</b> County average in NC	<b>39%</b> 52% <sup>с</sup>	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies. Source: NC DHHS (2022)				
	5. Percentage of women in the local WIC program who breastfeed their infants up to							
	six mo	nths of age						
W		<b>Columbus County</b> County average in NC	<b>23%</b> 33% <sup>c</sup>	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. Breastfeeding is not uniformly practiced, and the age at termination varies.				

Source: NC DHHS (2022)

#### E. Local Capacity for Change

A community's capacity for change is founded on the people with knowledge about a community's needs and the strengths to address them. The information they have gathered through assessments, the ideas they have explored or piloted, and their relationship networks are all capacity-enhancing items. **HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** when informing decision-makers, funders, and other stakeholders about the local knowledge, skills, and talents that could contribute to intervention and health improvement efforts.

# 1. Which **Healthy Communities Strategies** were selected for implementation by the local (or regional) health department?

regional) health department?						
Active Transportation	no	The Healthy Communities Program provides funds to local health				
Breastfeeding Friendly Designations/Awards	no	departments that work with community partners to address chronic				
Healthy Food Access in Community Venues	no	disease and injury risk factors through policy changes and				
Suicide Prevention	no	environmental supports. Health departments choose which strategies to implement from the Healthy Communities Program.				
Syringe Exchange Programs	yes					
Tobacco-Free Policies	yes	Source: NC DHHS (2021)				
2. Location of Department of So	cial Servi	ces (DSS) office				
	Whiteville	The Division of Social Services provides guidance and technical assistance to agencies that directly address issues of poverty, family violence, and exploitation. Source: NC DHHS (2023)				
3. Number of <b>YMCA locations</b>						
Columbus County	0	The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has facilities and programming in many local communities. Source: NC Alliance of YMCAs (2023)				
4. Number of YMCA camps						
Columbus County	0	The YMCA is a long-standing institution in the United States that has outdoor and activity camps in many local communities. Source: NC Alliance of YMCAs (2023)				
5. Number of <b>community and technical colleges</b>						
Columbus County County average in NC	<b>1</b> 1 <sup>a</sup>	Community colleges, technical colleges, and other institutions authorized to award Associate degrees or 2-year certificates. Source: National Center for Education Statistics (2023)				
6. Number of historically Black colleges and universities (HBCUs)						
<b>Columbus County</b> County average in NC	<b>0</b> 0 a	Historically Black colleges and universities (HBCUs) are institutions that were established prior to 1964 with the principal mission of educating Black Americans.				

Source: National Center for Education Statistics (2023)

C	olumbus County	12 (n=6)	Health centers receive federal grant funding to improve the health of
C	county average in NC	6 (n=4) a	underserved populations, including individuals and families experiencing homelessness, migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, and residents of public housing.
			Source: NC DHHS; US DHHS Health Resources & Services Administration (HRSA) (2023)
8. Number of	food pantries		
C	olumbus County	2	Number of food banks, soup kitchens, and food pantries in the count
C	county average in NC	<b>3</b> a	Source: Food-banks.org (2023)
9. Number of	Food Councils		
C	olumbus County	0	Local food councils are community-based coalitions, often organized county, that facilitate collaboration to improve health, food access, a local food economies.
			Source: NC Food Councils Network (2023)
0 Number of	grocery stores pai	rticinating	n Produce Ry
	columbus County		The Produce Rx program allows healthcare providers to prescribe fru
	County average in NC	0 a	and vegetables to patients diagnosed with pre-diabetes, diabetes, or hypertension. Patients are given monthly funds to purchase fresh fru and vegetables at participating grocery stores.
			Source: DC Greens (2023)
1. Number an	d locations of Wo	men, Infan	ts and Children (WIC) program offices
	C program offices:	, 1	WIC is the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,
Location:		Whiteville	Infants, and Children funded by the USDA. WIC provides nutritious foods, breastfeeding promotion and support, nutrition education, an health care referrals for women and children. Source: WicPrograms.org (2023)
2 Does the co	ounty have a <b>Child</b>	ren's Deve	lopmental Services Agency (CDSA)?
		Yes	Local Children's Developmental Services Agencies (CDSAs) help
			families, caregivers, and professionals serve children with special nee through the NC Division of Public Health's Infant Toddler Program. Source: NC DHHS (2023)
3 Does the c	ounty have a <b>Child</b>	Care Reco	urce and Referral (CCRR) Agency?
		Yes	The Child Care Resource & Referral (CCR&R) Council provides a set of

14 Does the	county have a <b>Shape N</b>	IC Cente	r?			
		No	The Shape NC: Healthy Starts for Young Children initiative assists communities and child care centers in developing environments, practices, and policies that promote healthy eating and active learning among pre-kindergarten children. Source: Smart Start (2021)			
15. Number o		-	ild care (per 100 children <13)			
-	<b>Columbus County</b> County average in NC	<b>16</b> 13 a	Average number of children enrolled in child care for every 100 children under age 13 in the county. Source: NC DHHS (2022)			
16. Number of NC Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs)						
Ξ.	<b>Columbus County</b> County average in NC	<b>2</b> 1 a	Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs) are health professionals who work with child care staff to promote healthy and safe environments for young children. Source: NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center (2023)			
17. Number of Head Start Centers						
Types of centers in county	Columbus County County average in NC Head Start Early Head Start HS & EHS Migrant & Seasonal American Indian &	2 3 a 0 1 0 1	Head Start programs support children's growth and development through services including early learning, health, and family well-being Head Start and Early Head Start programs provide services to children in every U.S. state and territory, in farmworker camps, and in tribal communities. Source: US DHHS, Head Start Early Childhood Learning & Knowledge Center			

#### 18. Area served by the local Smart Start partnership

County Each Smar organizati well being

Each Smart Start partnership is an independent, nonprofit organization. Local partnerships use independent data to assess childwell being and offer programs and services, depending on local needs. Partnerships can be county or multi-county. See the link below to find the local Smart Start partnership.

Source: Smart Start (2023)